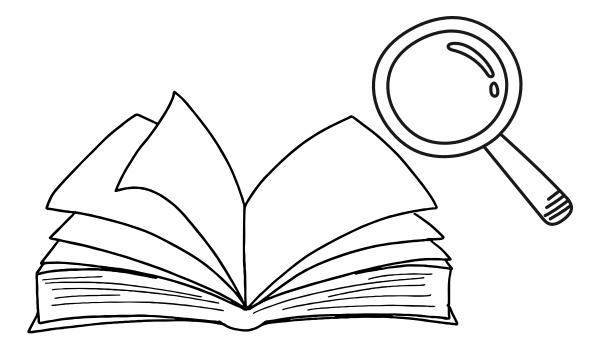


REGULATORY NEWS OCT/NOV2023



October/November 2023



SCCS Preliminary Opinions open for comments

 Hexyl Salicylate: based on the assessment of data provided and taking into consideration the concerns related to potential endocrine disrupting properties, the SCCS considers Hexyl Salicylate safe when used up to the maximum concentrations as provided in Table 1

of Opinion SCCS/1658/23.

Deadline for comments: 12 January 2024. *Ref.: SCCS/1658/23*



 Hydroxypropyl p-phenylenediamine and its dihydrochloride salt (A165): in light of the data provided, the SCCS considers that hydroxypropyl pphenylenediamine and its dihydrochloride salt are safe when used in oxidative hair colouring products up to a maximum on-head concentration of 2%. A mild to moderate eye irritation potential of the test item cannot be excluded. Hydroxypropyl p-phenylenediamine and its

dihydrochloride salt is a moderate skin sensitiser based on animal data.

Deadline for comments: 8 January 2024.

Ref.: SCCS/1659/23





SCCS Final Opinions

 Benzyl salicylate: based on the assessment of data provided and taking under consideration the concerns related to potential endocrine disrupting properties, the SCCS considers Benzyl Salicylate safe when used up to the maximum concentrations as provided in Table 1 of Opinion SCCS/1656/23.

Ref.: SCCS/1656/23

- Fullerenes, Hydroxylated Fullerenes and hydrated forms of Hydroxylated Fullerenes (nano): the SCCS cannot conclude on the safety of fullerenes and (hydrated) hydroxylated forms of fullerenes due to a number of uncertainties and data gaps in regard to physicochemical, toxicokinetic and toxicological aspects. *Ref.:* SCCS/1649/23
 - Butylparaben: the SCCS is of the opinion that the use of Butylparaben as a preservative in cosmetic products at concentrations of up to 0.14% (expressed as acid) is safe. In the absence of exposure data specific for children to Butylparaben in cosmetic products, potential safety concerns cannot be excluded.

Ref.: SCCS/1651/23

• Water-soluble zinc salts: The SCCS has calculated aggregate exposure to water-soluble zinc salts via toothpaste at the concentrations of 1% and from diet, and concluded that the use of zinc in toothpaste is safe per se except for children under the age of 1 year because the intake exceeds the upper limit level.



For children between 6 months and 1 year of age, the SCCS recommends a safe concentration of 0.72% for soluble zinc salts (as zinc) in toothpaste. The inclusion of zinc in mouthwash at 0.1% Zn is considered safe across all age groups above 6 years.

Ref.: SCCS/1657/23

SCCS Mandates - Request for a scientific Opinion on

- Silver: deadline 6 months.
- New coating for Titanium Dioxide (nano form) (Sodium Myristoyl Sarcosinate): deadline 9 months.
- Hydroxyapatite (nano): deadline 9 months.



Microplastics restriction: The REACH restriction on intentionally added microplastics in products enters into force on 17 October 2023. This will impact also cosmetic industries. Some polymers are excluded from this designation.



Completion of the consultation stage on PFAS restriction proposal: On the 25th September 2023, consultation about the proposal to restrict per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) was closed with more than 5.600 comments from more than 4.400 organisations, companies and individuals. The Commission, together with the EU Member States, will decide on the restriction.





MoCRA updates: FDA announced Delayed Enforcement and Publishes Updated Structured Product Labeling (SPL) Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures for Cosmetic Product Facility Registrations and Product Listings.



EPA Finalizes PFAS Data Reporting Rule: Under the final rule, any person that manufactures or imports or has manufactured or imported PFAS or PFAS-containing articles in any year since January 1, 2011 will be required to electronically report information to the EPA. The final rule will be effective on November 13, 2023. Under the final rule, companies will have one year to collect the information required to be reported, followed by a six-month period during which reports must be submitted to the EPA.



OEHHA Proposes Amendment to Proposition 65 Short-Form Warning Requirements: On October 27, 2023, the

OEHHA issued a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPR) to amend Prop 65 Article 6, Clear and Reasonable Warnings with notable changes. The deadline for public comments is December 20, 2023.









Any questions? Contact us:

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